

Crossfield Chronicle

The District Booster

VOL. XXXI. No. 33

CROSSFIELD, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, JULY 15, 1937

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BEST AT
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No. 9

Red Rose Tea-is good tea	lb. only.....	50c
Ceylon Tea	of rich, strong, with delightful flavour per lb.	50c
Jubilee Coffee	3-lb. pkts.....	95c
Red Rose Crushed Coffee	per lb.....	39c
Date-Stamped Coffee	per lb.....	36c
Sandwich Spread	17-oz. jars.....	45c
Salad Dressing	8-oz. jars.....	20c
	16-oz. jars.....	35c
Tasty Relish	6-oz. jars.....	20c
Chopped Olives & Pimentos	per jar.....	20c
Tenderized Prunes	Sunsweet, 2-lb. pkts.....	28c
Pork and Beans	Exceptional Flavour, 27-oz. cans	17c
Fancy Free Desserts	Caramel, Butterscotch, Vanilla, 3 packets for.....	25c

FOR PICNICS AND HOLIDAYS
McGavin's Fancy Pastry, Cakes, Pies

Fresh on TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS
A large assortment at
10c - 15c - 20c - 25c

Fruit Cocktail Marmalade	1-lb. jars, ea.	23c
	2-lb. jars, each	43c
Vanilla Extract	4-oz. bottles with cup and saucer for.....	30c
Min-It Marmalade	per packet.....	25c
	Each packet makes 4 lbs. delicious marmalade.	
Mapelette	makes a pint of maple syrup for only 7c one bottle with Brown Betty Syrup Jug for.....	50c
Tru-Jel	with the tru-fruit Bud, a delicious Jelly dessert, per packet.....	05c
Witch Hazel Toilet Soap	4 cakes with attractive Bobby Comb for.....	25c
Colgates Toilet Soap	6 bars for.....	25c

A Tip-Top Suit
or Overcoat made to your Individual Measure for **\$25.95**
The Latest Styles in a Large Variety of Tweeds, Worsted and Serges.

Two Burglaries In Past Week

Last Thursday morning, July 8th, some person or persons, unknown, broke into Steve's Store. Entry was obtained by smashing the glass of the door. A large quantity of men's wear and cigarettes were stolen.

Tuesday morning, July 13th, revealed that the three south elevators had been broken into, and some personal belongings of the three agents appropriated.

Investigations are being carried out.

NOTICE TO PATRONS

The POOL Elevator will be closed for a period of two weeks commencing Friday July 16th.

Chatter

O. E. Jones is spending a few days holiday at Banff.

Mr. John Hehr and Mrs. Mary Hepper are visiting with relatives in Saskatchewan.

Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Davis returned Saturday from their annual vacation.

Mrs. M. Bures, of Ponoka, is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. G. Dawson.

Mr. Sinclair Boyd, of Calgary, is the new member of the local Bank staff, and commenced duties Monday, July 12th.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Bills, of Van Nuys, California, are visiting their sons, Orvil, Everitt and Russell. They are accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Boyd, also of California.

Fence Posts

THE FENCING SEASON WILL SOON BE HERE.

WE carry a Complete Stock of
REAL GOOD CEDAR
15 to 18 and 18 to 21

ROUND POSTS FOR GATES
8 to 10 feet long.

SEE US BEFORE
YOU GO
ELSEWHERE

OUR PRICES
ARE
"RIGHT"

Atlas Lumber Co. (Canada) Ltd.

MEMBER W.R.L.A.

TELEPHONE 15

Exhibiting at Calgary Stampede

Frank Collicutt, of the Willow Spring Ranch, was a successful exhibitor at the annual Calgary Stampede, winning several prizes, which comprised the following:

Senior Champion Bull, Grand Champion Bull, Senior Champion Female, Reserve Grand Champion Female; First for Grand Sire, First for aged herd; First for prodigy of Cow; First for 2-year-old heifer; First for Senior Yearling; Second for 3-year-old Cow.

Red Cross Needs Support

The Red Cross have been giving their services since 1920 in accordance with the Peace Time Policy of the Society, and we deem it our duty to let you know their present financial difficulty. "You will readily understand that unless we receive further support this fall, it will not be possible to carry on our work as already this year we had to borrow money to meet the situation, and we cannot continue to do this. We are therefore considering inviting the farmers to come to our assistance by asking them to contribute the odd pounds of wheat when they deliver their grain at the elevator.

Do you think that we might have your co-operation in making this known to the farmers in your District, and also letting them know the urgent need for funds? If, after the information is known, and we do not get results, then, whatever action is taken to reduce the services of the Red Cross in this Province will be understood by our citizens, and our Executive will appreciate that the people are no longer interested in the Red Cross. We realize that conditions during the past few years have been phenomenal, but when we think of people in Saskatchewan contributing over \$35,000.00 to their Red Cross last year, we believe that the people in Alberta are just as anxious to help their Red Cross, if given the opportunity. We therefore hope that you will be anxious to assist us, and your service to the Red Cross means a great deal to us."

Donations for the Red Cross will be received at the Chronicle Office.

Wedding Bells

WHITLOW-ONEIL

A quiet wedding was solemnized in Calgary, at two o'clock Tuesday afternoon, July 6th, when Mary Ellen, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Oneil, of Big Prairie, became the bride of Mr. Alan Whitlow, son of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Whitlow of Cremona.

The bride was becomingly gowned in white satin, while the bridesmaid, Miss Jean Oneil, chose a figured chiffon dress. Mr. J. Macintosh attended the groom.

The only other guests present were, the bride's mother, Mrs. J. R. Oneil of Big Prairie, Miss Vera Clark, Mr. and Mrs. J. Aldred, Mr. C. Aldred, of Crossfield.

After a short honeymoon, spent in Banff and Calgary, the young couple will reside in Cremona.

In honour of Miss Mary Oneil, whose marriage took place July 6, a miscellaneous shower was held at the home of Mrs. Orval Bills on Saturday afternoon, July 3. There were over thirty guests present. The rooms were prettily decorated with mauve and white streamers and white wedding bells. Little Barbara Bills presented the bride-to-be with the gifts, brought in on a wagon, decorated in mauve and white.

Two contests caused the guests

Anglican Sunday School Picnic

The Anglican Sunday School Picnic was held at St. George's Island. Unfortunately, a heavy rain storm interfered somewhat, but all went to the show. Supper was enjoyed in the late evening. Thanks are due to Mr. Tredaway, Mr. and Mrs. Devins and Mr. J. Cumings for conveying the children there and back.

Final Examination Results.

Room 3	GRADE VIII.	
Edna Tredaway		86
Clarke McMillan		83
James Harrison		82
William Amery		80
Elaine Belshaw		78
Irene Sefton		77
Eileen Arnott		76
George Fleming		75
Mabel Sharp		74
Violet Currie		72
Jean Carmichael		67.3
Irene Walker		67
Warren Hall		66
Clare Metherral		59
Constance Waterhouse		55
Josephine Waterhouse		49
	GRADE VII.	
Lois Longmire		87
June Patmore		80
Lester Hopper		71
Nora Fleming		70
Cecil Walker		66
Tom Thomas		62
	FRENCH I	
Catherine Leask		91
Desmond Fitzpatrick		84.5
Evelyn Cochran		85
	Mrs. J. A. Emery, Teacher	

Room 2 The following pupils were recommended on their year's work: Marjorie Gordon, Jim Stevens, Keith Bannister, Lorraine Fieldhouse.

From VI. to VII.
Allan Sharp 87
Vida McMillan 83
Elsie Mossop 81.1
Charlie Russell 73

From V. to VI.
Coreli Fieldhouse 83.1
Mervin Patmore 83.1
Mary Taks 80
Marguerite Billo 79
Cameron Carmichael 78.9
Alice Hall 74.9
Maxine Mair 74.7
Lloyd Johnson 74
Ernest Butler 73.9
Gordon Reeves 70
Percy Blough 68.5

From IV. to V.
Donald Stevens 87
Peter Taks 83
Lawrence McCool 82
Helen Hunt 81
Donald Ryan 77.2
Lauretta Fike 76.2
Lois Gordon 73.6
Norman Patmore 73
Reggie Belshaw 72

IV. to V. Jr.
Alice Gilson 64.6
Neils Neilson 64
Kenneth Belshaw 63
Arthur Berge 54.4
Judeth Berge 49

Mildred J. Brown, Teacher

to use their imagination. Barbara Bills gave two recitations which everyone enjoyed. The joint hostesses, Mesdames Ableman, O. Bills, R. Bills, W. W. Stafford G. Wickerson and F. Ruddy, served refreshments.

The best wishes of all were extended to Miss Oneil for her future happiness.

Saturday evening the ladies of the Oneil District gave a miscellaneous shower for Miss Mary Oneil, in the school. About fifty guests were present. Dancing was enjoyed during the early part of the evening. Then a bountiful lunch was served by the ladies. Margaret Wickerson then presented the gifts on a prettily decorated wagon. Some of the verses caused much merriment and some embarrassment.

CAMPING NEEDS

Pure Strawberry Jam, 4-lb. tins	65c
Greengage Plums, 2 tins for	25c
White Wonder Soap Flakes, 2 lbs.	25c
"Break O' Morn" Coffee, 3-lb. tins	98c
Tomato Catsup in gallon tins	60c
Lime Juice, extra strength	30c
Thirst-Aid, makes 12 glasses Refreshing Drink	10c
Paper Plates, 7" & 9", 100 for	65c & 75c
Squirrel Brand Peanut Butter quart sealers	45c

HARDWARE

Family Scale, weights to 25 lbs.	\$2.05
10" Yellow Mixing Bowls	17c
Rexoleum Floor Mats	15c
Optic Plain Tumblers, 6 for	29c
Salad Bowls	25c
Enamel Oval Dish Pans	39c
Machine Oilers	15c to \$1.25

Co-operative **U.F.A. STORE** Phone 21.
CROSSFIELD
"Where QUALITY and PRICES Meet"

CROSSFIELD TRANSFER



Daily Service: Crossfield and Calgary.
INSURED LOADS
Heavy Hauling and Trailer Hauling.
M. PATMORE Phone 62 Crossfield
Calgary Phone—M-1826

Chatter

Mrs. M. Bures returned to her home in Ponoka, Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernie Sharp have returned from their honeymoon and taken up residence in the Olsen house.

Pennies from Heaven is one of the popular songs these days, and the farmers and women were able to sing it, when they got their share Sunday and Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Poirier, Rev. and Mrs. G. R. Dawe of Calgary, and Rev. and Mrs. J. H. Pickford left Monday for a week's vacation at Banff.

The new Telephone Directories are out and can be obtained at the office of the Secretary-Treasurer, T. Tredaway.

Clarence Wall, who, for the past sixteen months, has assisted his brother at the Chronicle Office, left Sunday to resume his position at the Premier Meat Market, Didsbury.

Celebrate 20th.

Anniversary

An Anniversary Shower, complimenting Mr. and Mrs. Guy R. Wickerson on the occasion of their 20th Wedding Anniversary, was given at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Russell Bills on Sunday, July 11th.

Friends and neighbours presented them with many gifts of china. After competitive games, in which Mrs. Anna Ableman, Wilson Stafford and Mrs. Frank Ruddy won prizes, a dainty lunch was served on the lawn.

Best wishes go out to Mr. and Mrs. Wickerson at this time, for a continued life of happiness.

Being called to Drumheller by Rev. E. V. Phillips, pastor of the Baptist Church there and formerly of Crossfield, the Rev. J. H. Pickford, accompanied by Mrs. Pickford, motored to Drumheller and took charge of the services. Rev. Phillips being ill.

GEORGE & FONG

CIGARS
CIGARETTES
&
TOBACCO



ICE CREAM
CANDY
&
FRUIT

After the
SHOW, DANCE or BALLGAME
Try Our Special Lunches
ICE CREAM & FRUIT DELICACIES

NEW OLIVER CAFE

Three Doors North of Old Location
LET GEORGE DO IT FRIENDLY SERVICE

Makes Better Cigarettes

PHILIP MORRIS

10¢

FINE CUT

15¢

70¢

ALSO IN POUCHES "LAST LB. TINS"

Confidence Restored

The recent announcement of Prime Minister Neville Chamberlain and Foreign Secretary Anthony Eden of Great Britain's intention to face her responsibilities by rearing as speedily as possible and to such an extent that "nobody dare treat her with anything but respect" will fall on many receptive and welcoming ears, not only within Great Britain and the Empire but in other countries who look to Britain for leadership in the task of preserving the democratic form of government.

There is no question but that Britain has "lost face", to use an Oriental expression, during the past two or three years, because of her failure to take a stand in the councils of the League of Nations strong enough to prevent the rights of member nations being violated.

Representative newspaper and magazine writers in some of the smaller democratic countries of Europe, such as the Scandinavian group, who have been wont to look to Britain for leadership and who, at any rate in recent years, have been strong friends of Great Britain have, in the past year or two voiced keen disappointment at the situation and more particularly have expressed criticism over the Ethiopian debacle.

But there was a very good reason why Britain could not go further than she did in attempts to enforce sanctions against Italy as the violator of Abyssinia. No one knew better than the British representatives on the councils of the League that if coercive measures were needed to prevent despoliation of the northern African kingdom she was not in a position to ensure that these methods were carried out.

The British war machine, and particularly the aerial arm of it, had been allowed to become obsolete and no efforts had been made to bring it up to date; or, conversely, it might be more correct to say that other and more belligerent nations had built up huge destructive forces and little or nothing had been done by Britain to keep pace with their activities.

Under these circumstances it would have been futile for Britain to have displayed a flag which was not heavily mailed or to have uttered threats which she could not carry out. She did not want to start something she knew that she could not finish. Hence, nothing more could be expediently done than advise and negotiate, in the knowledge that anything more forceful might precipitate a disaster which the great majority of nations hoped to avoid. It was a policy of prudence and that was the only policy that could safely be adopted at the time.

Now, however, that is to be changed. Great Britain has already commenced an active and ambitious program of rearmament which, in a year or two at the outside, will enable her to resume her role as leader of the European and world democracies in the full knowledge and certainty that the utterances and decisions of her representatives will be respected by even the most powerful and belligerent of nations.

The general objective of the program was aptly expressed by Prime Minister Chamberlain when he told his constituents that it was the aim to make Britain so strong "that nobody dare treat her with anything but respect" and his additional announcement that he faced his responsibilities "without fear or hesitation" will inspire confidence not only in Britain but in many other countries who are genuinely anxious to preserve world peace, as is Britain herself.

Confidence will be further fortified by the supplemental declaration of Sir Anthony Eden that immediate and specific objectives are preservation of the territorial integrity of Spain, the maintenance of the Mediterranean as a main arterial road for the flags of all nations.

Both these objectives have been threatened in recent weeks as the war in Spain progresses. The dismemberment and even the potential dismemberment, of Spain would undoubtedly precipitate a general conflagration in which all the European countries might ultimately become involved and that is what the majority of the non-belligerent nations of Europe fear so much to-day.

Despite the declarations of individual visitors from Europe to this continent to the effect that a general war will be avoided, it is generally recognized on both sides of the Atlantic that the trend of events in Spain, coupled with a great deal of outside interference, constitutes a grave danger to the peace of Europe and perhaps of the world.

A strong and well-armed Britain, with no ulterior motive to serve, will go a long way to allay such alarms and will do much to ensure peace in Europe and security for the democratic countries of that continent.

Something New To Try

According to the Christian Science Monitor, to Horace Greeley, the famous editor, a woman once wrote: "Our church is in dire financial straits. We have tried every device to keep it going—fairs, strawberry festivals, oyster suppers, a donkey party, turkey banquets, Japanese weddings, mock marriages, and box socials. Will you please tell us, Mr. Greeley, what we can do to keep our struggling church from disbanding?"

Starts Annual Patrol

The N. B. McLean, the biggest unit of the government icebreaking fleet, has sailed from here on her annual 5,000-mile patrol in Hudson Bay and strait. The ship, under Capt. W. J. Balcom, formerly of Halifax, will be away until October.

Visitor: "Your son is rather small for his age, isn't he?"
Proud Mother: "Oh, no! most boys of his age are overgrown, I think."

Italy used safety pins 3,000 years ago.

BLACKHEADS
Don't squeeze blackheads—dissolve them. Get two ounces of peroxide powder from any drug store and rub gently with wet hot cloth over the blackheads. They simply dissolve and disappear by this safe and sure method. Have a Hollywood complexion!

Trees For The Prairie

Since the program of work under the Prairie Rehabilitation Act was begun in 1935, a total of 960,440 trees have been supplied free for planting in the prairie provinces. District experiment substations took 77,730 in 1935 and 1936; Agricultural improvement associations, 229,850; and field crops shelter belt associations 653,380. In addition, the regular free distribution of trees from Indian Head and Sutherland nursery stations in 1935 and 1936 totalled 11,828,854. From 1901 to 1936, these two shelters have distributed free to farmers in the three prairie provinces over 130 million trees.

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Multiplicity Of Duties

Royal Canadian Mounted In Northwest Territories Kept Busy

Wherever the scientist, explorer, prospector and surveyor goes in the Northwest Territories he finds the Royal Canadian Mounted Police to help him. And he finds the Mountie represents just about a dozen kinds of officialdom.

A government statement dealing with the Northwest Territories discloses the information that "the prevention of lawlessness and apprehension of offenders are but a part of the multiplicity of duties performed by members of the force."

"They are entrusted also with enforcement of the Northwest Game Act, the Migratory Birds Convention Act and various other Dominion acts."

In certain circumstances they are called on to assume customs and immigration duties, to collect income taxes, accept applications for naturalization, act as postmasters, mingling recorders or coroners; to issue timber permits, pay wolf and coyote bounties, register vital statistics, issue rations to destitute Eskimos and Indians and supervise liquor permits and importation of liquor.

All commissioned officers are justices of the peace and all ranks are commissioners for administering oaths. Sheriff of the Northwest Territories is Major-General Sir James H. MacRae, Commissioner of the R.C.M.P.

The force has men at 22 points. Along the Mackenzie basin they are stationed at Resolution, Providence, Simpson, Norman, Good Hope, Arctic Red River, Maitland and Alaskan. Scattered along the Arctic shore they are at Coppermine, Cambridge Bay, Cameron Bay, Fort Rae and on the patrol boat "St. Roch."

In the Slave River area is a station at Port Smith, in the Hudson Bay area at Chesterfield and on McLeod Bay at Reliance. Farther east are posts at Port Burwell, Eskimo Point, Lake Harbour, Pangnirtung, Pond Inlet and Craig Harbour.

Forfeits Crown For Love

Prince Charles Of Sweden Marries Countess Elsa Von Rosen, A Commoner

Prince Charles of Sweden sacrificed any chance of inheriting the throne when he married Countess Elsa von Rosen, a commoner.

The nephew of King Gustaf V. of Sweden and brother of the late Queen Astrid of the Belgians, lost his title and prerogatives in the Swedish royal family.

He acquired a new title, however, becoming by royal decree Prince Charles Bernadotte. His bride, daughter of the Swedish court master of ceremonies, became Princess Elsa.

Prince Charles was the third member of the Swedish royal family in recent years to forfeit his crown rights for love.

The new princess, seven years older than her 26-year-old husband, was divorced in 1935 from M. Agles von Rosen. She has three children.

Lonely Island Was Afar

Civilization Proved Too Much For Boy From Tristan da Cunha

Civilization proved too much for the youth who left the loneliest island of the world. After less than a year in London he died.

Donald Glass was a direct descendant of William Glass who founded the settlement at Tristan da Cunha in the South Atlantic, more than a century ago.

Donald led a happy life, where disease is virtually unknown, determined to succeed in the great world. He was accepted by the Boy Scouts who tried to make life for him something like that in the home from where he came, but they failed to consider the germs that afflict civilization. He fell ill and gradually declined.

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Job Was Thorough

Crude Operation By Amateur Surgeon Probably Saved Man's Life

A crude operation performed with a fishing line and a net-mending needle appeared to have saved the life of a man badly torn by a rusty spike on lonely San Miguel Island.

Despite twelve days he spent tossing with pain while passing boats overlooked his distress signal, Robert L. Brooks, the injured man, was expected to survive.

Brooks, lessee of the windswept speck in the Channel Islands chain off Southern California, slipped while repairing a wharf two weeks ago and a spike ripped a gaping wound in his thigh.

San Miguel is without a doctor, a boat, or any means of communication with the mainland. No ship was due for weeks.

Realizing that Brooks would bleed to death unless the wound was closed, Herbert Lever, only man on the island set to work. Lever, shell-shocked World War veteran, lives on San Miguel with his wife and two children, and works for Brooks.

He boiled a fishline and the needle he used to repair fish nets. While the injured man dug his nails into the bunk and gritted his teeth, Lever sewed up the wound without anaesthetic. He prayed while he sewed.

For twelve days no passing craft heeded their distress signal—the American flag flying upside down. Then the motorship Vacuero of Santa Barbara arrived four days ahead of time with supplies. It rushed Brooks ashore.

Physicians at Cottage Hospital said the amateur surgeon was so thorough that no infection developed.

Selling Canada's Wheat

Publicity Campaign In Britain Plans To Sell Wheat

The Canadian Wheat Board sends us a brochure containing handsome, eye-printed reproductions of the material used in its United Kingdom advertising campaign.

The board says that so far as it knows this was "the first attempt which has been made by any wheat-exporting country to promote the sale of its wheat by advertising and publicity work."

The campaign was planned with great care. Advertisements designed for their respective fields were used in the newspapers of England, Scotland, Northern Ireland, emphasizing the advantages of Canadian hard wheat in the making of bread. At the same time a series of advertisements in trade journals was addressed to millers, bakers and retailers.

The Canadian Wheat Board is dealing with a product of unexcelled quality, trying to increase its sale in the rich and concentrated market of the United Kingdom, and its campaign appears equal to the occasion.

—Ottawa Journal.

Was Infraction Of Law

Man Found His Neighbourly Act Cost Him Fifty

It cost George Thibault of Monmouth, Sask., just \$25 to be a good neighbor. He undertook to transport the band from this town, 28 miles northwest of Saskatoon, a few miles to a picnic recently but before he had done his deed turned he met up with the law. He was fined in Royal Canadian Mounted Police court for infraction of the vehicles act by carrying passengers in a truck.

A motorist driving 45 miles an hour steadily for 10 hours a day would require 13 years, 10 months, and 21 days to travel over all the improved roads of the United States.

From here it is beginning to appear that trying to get rid of relief is much like trying to throw away a wad of chewing gum, says Judge.

Hamburg, Germany, has a population of more than 1,228,000.

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AIDS DIGESTION

WRIGHT'S DOUBLE MINT

COOL REFRESHING

Festival Date Changed

Set Back One Month When Delegates Met At Moose Jaw

Dates for the 1938 provincial music festival were set back a month as delegates from five provinces concluded the 12th annual conference of the Western Canada Music Festival Associations at Moose Jaw. Next year the Saskatchewan festivals at Saskatoon and Regina will take place the latter part of April, from April 25-30. At present, no definite arrangement has been made as to whether Regina or Saskatoon will conduct its festival first. So far, the old arrangement will be followed, whereby in 1938 Regina will be first, Saskatoon second.

In 1937, the festivals took place during the last week in May. Delegates were present from Saskatchewan, Manitoba, Alberta, British Columbia and Quebec.

Represented for the first time at the conference was the Quebec Musical Competition festival which held its first festival this year in Montreal. The organizers were represented by R. Willis, Montreal.

Adjudicators for 1938 will be Sir Hugh Robertson, Glasgow, Scotland, who will adjudicate choral and vocal competitions; Maurice Jacobson, London, instrumental and choral adjudicator, and Stewart Wilson, London, who will also adjudicate vocal competitions. Mr. Wilson is new to Canada, but Sir Hugh Robertson has been the Dominion on several occasions as adjudicator. Mr. Jacobson has been here once before.

In 1939, the same three adjudicators who recently completed their tour of Canadian festivals will return. J. E. Shubert, George Doidge and Arthur Benjamin. Dates for festivals both in 1938 and 1939 were set recently, as delegates pushed through to completion in two days a session originally scheduled to last three days.

SELECTED RECIPES

PICKLE RELISH

2 qts. cucumbers
2 qts. onions
1 large cauliflower or cabbage
3 peppers, red or green
1/2 gallon mild vinegar
6 cups brown sugar
2 cups Crown Brand Corn Syrup
1 cup Benson's Corn Starch
1/2 cup mustard
1/2 teaspoon turmeric powder
2 ozs. celery seed
Method: Chop all vegetables fine. Let stand in brine overnight (1/2 cup salt to each quart water). Drain. Make a syrup of vinegar (reserving 1/4 cup for dressing), sugar and Crown Brand Corn Syrup; add vegetable and let come to boil. Make a dressing of Benson's Corn Starch, sea-salt, spices and 1/2 cup cold vinegar. Stir into hot mixture. Again bring to the boil; seal in sterile jars. Makes 5 pints.

Had Successful Year

Canada's Fishing Industry Showed Big Increase In 1936

Canada's fisheries in 1936 experienced the most successful year since 1930, the Dominion reported.

Value of production in 1936 was \$39,164,618, the total representing the value of fish as marketed, whether sold for consumption fresh, or as canned, smoked, dried and other forms. It showed an increase over 1935, low year of the depression period, of \$13,207,509 or 51 per cent.

Total quantity of fish taken by Canadian fishermen during 1936 was 11,068,279 cwt, with a value at the point of landing of \$22,083,742, compared with a catch of 9,532,016 cwt and a value of \$20,755,787 in 1935.

Easy To Identify

When the police of Hermannsburg, South Africa, inspected the trail of a recent burglar, who had stolen \$100, the Sherlock Holmes instinct told them the capture should be easy. One of the big toes was peculiarly formed. All the well-known jail characters passed inspection, and the Dr. Jekyll was led to N. Cupido, an amateur burglar, who was sentenced to four months hard labor.

Moonlight has an intensity about one-fourth of a foot candle; bright sunlight at noon has an intensity of about 10,000 foot candles.

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Left Legacy For Poor

But Town In Scotland Has No People Who Qualify

There is a small town in Aberdeenshire, Scotland, called Turfiff, with a population of over 2,000, who are a very proud people. That is not to say they are contented, or affect a lofty attitude toward other communities. The colloquialism for "for is" is "Turra," and the locals have a slogan: "Tak awa Turra an' twal miles roon and whau are ye?" If you don't know what that means well interpret: "Take away Turfiff and twelve miles around and what is left of the universe that is worth while?" That's the sort of people they are in "Turra." They regard their town and environs and the people within as the hub of humanity.

Turfiff has really justification to boast though. Recently a native of the town died in New Zealand and made a bequest of \$25,000 for the poor of Turfiff. That is where the Town Council is in a pickle. There are no poor in Turfiff and the administrators cannot carry out the terms of the gift because there is nobody to give any part of the money to. Pending some solution, or the improbability that some of the local folk will go broke, the \$25,000 has been handed over to the custody of the County Council.

A place of that kind surely lives up to the distinction which it confers upon itself.—St. Thomas Times-Journal.

A Modern Pastime

Many People Before Public Eye Receive Fan Mail

A writer in the Manchester Guardian considers a trend of to-day that is new and astonishing in vastness—"fan mail."

"Thousands and thousands of these letters are posted every day. It begins with actors and actresses, singers and other public entertainers who have for years received letters from their admirers, but as soon as the cinema became the chief medium of entertainment girls and boys, and principally girls began to write to the film stars and fan mail really began. Now it is not confined to film stars, but extends to prime ministers, as we heard from Stanley Baldwin. It extends to everyone who comes before the public eye, even to wrongdoers. . . .

"It is rarely, however, that any one speaks of his pastime. It is a private matter between himself and the adored one, for most of the letters are tributes of admiration."

Accurate Information

Milwaukee Has Plan To Determine What Visitors Spend

H. B. Cowan, Jr., manager of the Examiner's circulation department is just back from attending a convention at Milwaukee and reports an interesting plan by which the Milwaukee Association of Commerce gets accurate information as to the extent of the expenditures made by visitors to the city. Every delegate to a convention receives a questionnaire which he is asked to fill out showing where he stayed, what stores his chief purchases were made at and how much he spent on shelter, amusement and other things, the information to be regarded as strictly confidential.—Peterborough Examiner.

Argentina, Canada, China, Great Britain, India, the Netherlands, and the United States are the most important markets for German watches and clocks.

Berlin is now the third largest city in the world, next to New York and London.

The yearly average of forest fires in the United States is 4,700.

"I am grateful to you for the confidence you have reposed in me," cried the winning candidate.
"All right," said a voice in the rear, "but don't do any more posing. Get busy."

It takes four to eight times as much soap to make a satisfactory cleansing lather when hard water is used than when soft water is available, depending on the degree of hardness of the water.

In comparison with human eyes, the eyes of most birds are telescopic. A small grain particle hardly distinguished by a person standing a yard away from it, is seen 100 yards by some birds.

Blackheads—dissolve them. Get two ounces of peroxide powder from any drug store and rub gently with wet hot cloth over the blackheads. They simply dissolve and disappear by this safe and sure method. Have a Hollywood complexion!

for STIFFNESS!
Minard's LINIMENT
"KING OF PAIN"

"Wouldn't it be a joke if you was to peg out with only half yer blinkin' sentence done?"—Everybody's, London.

PREMIER GIVES HOPEFUL VIEW OF WORLD PROBLEMS

Quebec—Returning from a two-months' visit to Great Britain, Prime Minister Mackenzie King, landed from the liner Empress of Britain after giving interviewers a hopeful picture of European politics.

During his absence the prime minister, at the close of the imperial conference, visited France, Germany and Belgium. He would not comment upon his conversations with Chancellor Hitler and ruling heads of the other countries other than to say he had been well-received and had profited much. He intimated these and other matters would be the subject of a radio broadcast.

The prime minister issued the following prepared statement:

I return to Canada much reassured as to the probable outcome of the conditions which have been and continue to be of great concern to us all. Despite every appearance to the contrary, I believe the nations of Europe have a better understanding of each other's problems to-day than they have had for some years past, and that, in their solution, they are prepared to co-operate to a greater degree than has been the case for some time. What is true of Europe in this particular, is true of the extension of trade and co-operation in other matters, between the old world and the new.

It has come to be recognized that the policies of extreme nationalism, which have raised so many barriers to the free interplay of nations, have outlived their day, and that what is required is less emphasis upon self-sufficiency, and its consequent isolation of nations, and increased co-operative effort to solve problems, and to avoid perils, which are shared in common.

Within all countries, there is much in the way of social change. A new social order is gradually emerging; an order which ultimately will mean more in the new way of social justice in human relations. It is being worked out in different countries, varying greatly in method, as conditions and the temperaments of the peoples vary. Each country has its own domestic problems and should be permitted to work them out in its own way.

There can be no greater mistake than for any one country to judge others by its own standards, unless it be that of trying to impose its own upon others against their will.

What is most required to-day is an understanding of, rather than an emphasis upon differences, and a readiness upon the part of all to further the common good. It is going to take time to complete the transition through which all countries are passing, in the readjustments which are being made in the existing social order, but that that can be made without adding international conflict on any appreciable scale to the difficulties which all have to face, I have not the least doubt.

I should hesitate, of course, to speak of countries other than those in which, during the course of my sojourn abroad, I have been privileged to enjoy exceptional opportunities for the discussion of public affairs; but of this I am certain, that neither the governments nor the peoples of any of these countries desire war, or view the possibility of war between each other as other than likely to end in self-destruction, and the destruction of European civilization itself.

The one danger common to all is that to which the prime minister of Great Britain recently directed attention, namely, that words too hastily used and too loudly expressed may, unless the utmost caution is followed, lead to some precipitate or unpremeditated act, the consequences of which none can foresee. Sensationalism and propaganda are to-day the common enemies of mankind.

If the peoples of the different countries will not permit themselves to be unduly swayed or prejudiced by either, and will seek rather to further every agency of international understanding, of friendship and goodwill, we shall soon see an end to the suspicious and hostile attitude which all else, threaten peace and impede progress to-day.

Big Salmon Catch

St. John's, Nfld.—Governor Sir Humphrey Walwyn and his son, Lieut. Walwyn, caught 102 salmon between the 24th and 25th days of fishing. The father caught 38, aggregating 211 pounds, and his son had 66 fish with a total poundage of 394. A third rod in the party took 75 fish totalling 460 pounds.

Loyalists On Offensive

Spanish Government Fronts Push Back Rebel Lines

Hendaye, Franco-Spanish Frontier.—Spanish government troops pushed ahead in one of the heaviest offensives of the civil war to shatter insurgent lines on the western side of Madrid.

Military sources at Iron confirmed government despatches insurgent lines in South Escorial had been broken. Government commanders threw 25,000 men against insurgent forces in the vicinity of Navalcarnero, a supply base and concentration point.

In Madrid the government announced Villaneuva de la Canada, due west of the capital, had fallen before the assault of General Jose Miaja's troops.

Brunete, a key point nearby, was already in government hands, official despatches said, but the insurgent command denied Brunete had been occupied.

The sudden attack along the west central front, designed to lift the eight-month insurgent siege of Madrid, stretched on a zigzag line from Escorial, northwest of Madrid, to the region below Navalcarnero, southwest of the capital.

Generalissimo Francisco Franco's insurgent lines buckled and broke under the attack south of Escorial, government despatches said.

Insurgent sources admitted the sweeping offensive might necessitate withdrawal of insurgent forces from other fronts.

Government soldiers concentrated much of their attack on cutting a network of roads over which supplies have been sent to insurgents in the Caso de Campo and University City suburban sector of Madrid.

Oriental Trouble

Clash Between Chinese And Japanese Troops Reported

Tokyo.—The Oriental trouble center shifted swiftly from the Soviet Manchukuo frontier to Fengtai, near Peiping where Chinese and Japanese troops were said to have clashed while the latter carried out secret midnight maneuvers.

Numerous casualties on both sides were recounted in Japanese despatches reaching here, and it was said artillery, trench mortars and machine guns were used.

The scene was only 60 miles south of the Great China wall, and 12 miles from Peiping which could hear the reverberation of cannon fire.

A second fight was said to have followed the Fengtai battle, the latter clash at Lukowkiao.

Both sides were said to be fighting desperately.

Domel (Japanese) News agency despatches from Peiping said Japanese reinforcements were being rushed from Fengtai, vital railway junction, to Lukowkiao.

One Japanese non-commissioned officer was reported killed, a lieutenant was wounded, and several soldiers were injured. The number of Chinese casualties was not stated.

High Japanese officers were said to be holding an urgent "council of war" on the field near Lukowkiao.

The incident created grave tension here, and Japanese staff officers were rushed to the scene from Peiping and Tientsin.

De Valera To Carry On

Throws Down The Gauntlet To The Labor Opposition

Dublin.—President Eamon de Valera, who failed to get majority in the Irish Free State elections for the dail (parliament) threw down the gauntlet to the Labor party.

Defying the 13 Labor members to oppose him, the president declared in a statement:

"The flimsy fall (the government party) is satisfied that its policy was justified in practice and will not be diverted from it either to the right or to the left by any form of political pressure."

His new constitution will be in operation within six months, he said. Labor and the fine Galt party opposed the constitution, but in the referendum taken in connection with the parliamentary elections it was approved by 599,635 to 452,692.

The new charter, De Valera said, will be the "fundamental law on which the whole political structure of our state will rest."

Butter Prizes Awarded

Calgary.—Manitoba and Alberta exhibits took most of the prizes in creamery butter classes at the Calgary exhibition. Manitoba exhibitors won 24 firsts, 42 seconds and seven thirds, compared to 26 firsts, 75 seconds and 11 thirds for Alberta. Saskatchewan entries won four firsts and one second, and Quebec one second and one third. 2211

Home Improvement Plan

Mining Towns Seem To Make The Best Use Of Loans

Toronto.—New Waterford, N.S., at present tops the list of communities with the highest per capita use of the home improvement plan, according to figures released here. The plan is under governmental sponsorship with co-operation of financial institutions.

New Waterford is a mining community and others like Nelson and Trail in British Columbia, and Timmins, Ont., also stand high in the listing, but not by coincidence, according to the Toronto advisory committee. Mortgages, it was explained, are rarely available to property owners in mining towns as few companies are willing to run the risk of their becoming "ghost towns." As a consequence, the government loans are being snapped up by those wishing to make residential repairs.

U.S. Buys Planes

Contract Awarded For 210 Pursuit Aeroplanes With Speed Of 300 Miles Per Hour

Washington.—The United States war department has awarded a \$4,113,550 contract to the Curtis Wright Corporation of Buffalo, N.Y., for 210 pursuit aeroplanes.

The machines are designed as low wing, all metal cabin monoplanes powered by single radial aircooled engines developing 1,100 horsepower and capable of driving the ships at a speed exceeding 300 miles an hour, the war department said.

TRAIL BLAZING ATLANTIC FLIGHT IS APPLAUDED

London.—The clock-like precision with which the two flying boats, the Imperial Airways' Caldonia and the Pan-American Clipper III, spanned the Atlantic was hailed in the press.

An editorial in the Times applauded the dual east and west flights as a severely successful test of the meteorological services, as well as a trial of the boats themselves. The newspaper, however, cautioned against over-enthusiasm.

The Daily Mail hailed the trail-blazing trip across the Atlantic "as the greatest stride in trans-Atlantic commercial voyages since the first steamship crossed the ocean more than a century ago."

The Morning Post heralded the approaching "end of an era of pioneering adventure" and the beginning of an "era of settled commerce." The flight will provide the means of rapid communication with Canada, "which will be invaluable in peace or in war," the newspaper said.

The Yorkshire Post stressed the contrast between this "calmly planned operation and the wild, if heroic flights of pioneers and adventurers in the past."

ROOSEVELT BRIDE IN NUPTIAL GOWN



This charming camera study of Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt, Jr., the former Ethel duPont, shows the bride in her wedding gown. Photo copyright Jay To Winburn.

ATTORNEY-GENERAL



Gordon S. Wismer, K.C., prominent Vancouver lawyer, who has been appointed Attorney-General of British Columbia following the recent provincial elections in which the Liberal Government was successful. Mr. Wismer succeeds Hon. Gordon Sloan, who was recently appointed to the Appeal Court bench.

A Tented City

Ten Thousand War Veterans To Gather At Brantford Convention Brantford.—A tent city housing 10,000 Great War veterans from many points in Canada and the United States will arise at Agriculture park here July 31 to accommodate a portion of the 25,000 veterans expected for the ex-servicemen's convention and reunion of ex-servicemen and women.

The big gathering will run from July 31 to Aug. 2. The big camp to be known as the Salisbury camp will be laid out in streets, each named after one of the great battles of the war, with James Cook as camp commandant.

Under canvas will be members of the Black Watch, Royal Navy, South African, Old Contemptibles, Fourth Battalion, First Battalion, Gallipoli, Monopoli, Palestine, Belgian, French and even German war veteran associations. At least 70 imperial army regiments will be represented.

Entry From E.P. Ranch

Took Reserve Grand And Reserve Senior Ribbons At Calgary

Calgary.—Mythic Prince, owned by Duncan Campbell of Moffat, Ont., was awarded grand and senior championships for Shorthorn bulls at the Calgary exhibition.

Princeton Republic, from the E.P. ranch at Pekisko, Alta., owned by the Duke of Windsor, took the reserve grand and reserve senior ribbons. Two "Glenburn" animals exhibited by F. H. Deacon of Unionville, Ont., were judged junior champion and reserve junior Shorthorn bulls.

Congestion In British Areas

Commission To Investigate The Distribution Of Population

London.—Prime Minister Chamberlain in the House of Commons announced appointment of a royal commission to investigate the causes influencing the present distribution of Great Britain's industrial population.

It will also look into the probable direction of any future change in distribution and consider the disadvantages arising from concentration of industries in the big cities.

Sir Montague Barlow is chairman of the commission which has 12 other members, including two women.

Sir Montague was chairman of a royal commission on the Alberta coal industry in 1935 and is a former minister of labor and government representative at international labor conferences in Geneva.

PLAN TO SEPARATE ARABS AND JEWS IN THE HOLY LAND

London.—Palestine, the national homeland of Jewry, the holy land of Christians, and the native land of nearly 1,000,000 Moslem Arabs will be divided into three parts if recommendations of the Palestine royal commission are approved by the League of Nations.

The commission was appointed by the British government to investigate causes of repeated disturbances and conflicts between the Jews and the Arabs. In effect it found the conflicting national aspirations of the two races could not be harmonized within a single state.

Its proposals, endorsed by the British government in a white paper, involve creation of independent Arab and Jewish states and erection of a third zone under British administration which will include Jerusalem and Bethlehem and exercise powers over certain localities within the Arab and Jewish states.

The plan involves revocation of the League of Nations mandate under which the United Kingdom has ruled Palestine since conquest of the country by British forces during the Great War. The proposed British zone under the plan would require the issuance of a new mandate from the league.

The government white paper contains a stern warning that, pending establishment of the scheme the British government will maintain peace, order and good government in Palestine.

Advantages of the scheme for both Jews and Arabs are listed by the commission in its report.

Partition of the country would secure establishment of a Jewish national home and remove any prospect of its being subject to Arab rule.

The Arabs too would obtain national independence and freedom to co-operate with Arabs in neighboring countries. They would be relieved of the fear of being "swamped" by Jews through immigration.

Their religious places would be protected and guaranteed against ever coming under Jewish control. To compensate for loss of territory they would receive a subvention from the Jewish state and a grant of \$10,000,000 from the British treasury.

In the immediate future steps will be taken to prohibit any sales of land from Arabs to Jews or Jews to Arabs which might prejudice the scheme and to limit Jewish immigration during the eight-month period from August, 1937, to March, 1938, to 8,000 persons.

The two new states would be created by means of treaties negotiated between the British government, and the government of Trans-Jordan and representatives of the Arabs in Palestine, and the Zionist organization. The commission's proposal for the Arab state is that it should comprise a large section of the present Palestine with the present Arab state of Trans-Jordan.

The United Kingdom would undertake to support requests from the Arab and Jewish states for admission to the League of Nations. The treaties would include strict guarantees for protection of minorities and would be accompanied by military conventions.

The Jewish state would occupy the whole of the northerly tip of Palestine with a long pan-handle extending southward along the coast. Its boundary would follow the northerly boundary of Palestine and travel around the easterly boundary southward through the Lake of Tiberias to Beisan. It would then turn westward to Megiddo and then swing southward, paralleling the coast and along the eastern edge of the maritime plain to the south of Rehovot at which point it would turn westward towards the sea.

SAYS U.S. FAVORS BROAD PROGRAM OF WORLD PEACE

Charlottesville, Va.—Sumner Welles, under secretary of state, expressed belief that if nations overseas will undertake to find those political readjustments of inequalities which rose after the Great War, and in which he emphasized the United States has no part, the American people will overwhelmingly favor co-operation of their government in a broad program of world peace and rehabilitation.

In an address before the University of Virginia's institute of public affairs, Welles said the most immediate danger to the peace of the world lay in the conflict of "fundamentally antagonistic dogmas which men have evolved since the outbreak of the World War, which have had their genesis in want and misery, in a sense of injustice, social and national, in the belief on the part of peoples that through the realization of these concepts they may attain the remedy for the ills from which they have suffered."

Spain, he said, has become a battleground for these dogmas.

For bettering conditions, he suggested:

1. The revitalization of international morals, "Which means first and foremost the sanctity of the pledged word given between nations."

2. Through the abolition, or reduction of all those innumerable artificial barriers to international trade which to-day exist, the restoration of peaceful trading interests between nations, thereby serving to give employment and to improve standards of living in all countries, without disturbing in a significant way the organization of production in any country.

3. The limitation and eventual reduction of armaments.

4. Frequent conferences between representatives of governments, and free intercourse between their peoples, with free exchange of views and ideas."

Makes Test Flight

Connections For Yukon And Alaska Route, Via Edmonton And Montana

Edmonton.—Making a test flight over the route which will be used to ferry Yukon and Alaska air passengers from Edmonton to Montana on the inaugural flight of this service, W. Leigh Brintnell, head of Mackenzie Air Service, flew from Edmonton to Great Falls, Montana, and returned, in 1,000 miles, in less than 200-mile flight from Edmonton to Calgary in one hour and five minutes.

Mr. Brintnell announced that as soon as delivery can be made, a twin-motored 200-miles-per-hour craft will be put into service on this route.

The test flight was made in a small, speed Beechcraft. Landing in Edmonton, Brintnell completed the flight in 11 hours, including stopovers.

Pays Tribute To Premier

Chamberlain Refers To Speech Of Mackenzie King At Paris

London.—Prime Minister Chamberlain, addressing a Conservative rally in the Albert Hall, referred to a "remarkable speech" given by Canadian Prime Minister Mackenzie King at Paris.

Chamberlain n'a'e the reference in paying tribute to Malcolm MacDonald, dominions secretary, whose "fact and understanding" of the "Dominions' attitudes was a great help during the imperial conference and, Chamberlain added, was well illustrated by Mackenzie King's "remarkable speech" at Paris "when he said that in case of any threat toward England, it would bring Canada at once to her side."

Ancient Skeleton

Winnipeg.—The skeleton of an Indian girl who died some 2,000 years ago was found near Tresebach, 120 miles west of here, and is now in possession of the Manitoba museum. Stuart Cridde, of Tresebach, a museum director, investigated the grave five feet below the earth's surface and said the bones were well preserved.

Making Visit To Belfast

Portsmouth, England.—The veteran royal yacht Victoria and Albert will make her longest trip in many years when she conveys the king and queen to Belfast, this month. The last time she left the English Channel was in 1925, when King George V. and Queen Mary made a trip to the Mediterranean.

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Opportunity

'ARE YOU LUCKY OR DO YOU GRASP EVERY OPPORTUNITY THAT PRESENTS ITSELF?'

MANY times we hear it exclaimed. (yes, been guilty of it ourselves) "Look at so and so, how lucky he is, he has everything."

Is that person really lucky, as we term it, or is he one of those real individuals who saw his opportunity and grasped it. The old saying is true, "Things don't turn up in this world until somebody turns them up."

What do we do with our days, the days that bring their share of duties, opportunities and responsibilities, for the world is all gates, all opportunities, strings of tension, all waiting to be struck.

The spirit in which we approach our work, our activities, will vitally affect the results. In all our obligations, we must be faithful, discharge every duty with thoroughness and willingness, always on the alert for fresh opportunities, doing everything possible to advance our best interests.

For the opportunity accorded us, that of being able to work and serve, we should be grateful. Always before us, having a definite purpose, bending to its accomplishment our best abilities. Good work is a divine provision for developing our initiative, self-reliance, diligence and other excellent qualities.

"Improve your opportunities," said Bonaparte to a school of young men, "Every hour lost now is a chance of future misfortune."

Let the close of each day be witness to our new acquisitions and accomplishments. To us belongs today, with its inestimable opportunities, for work and achievement.

Opportunity knocks daily at our doors. Are we sufficiently awake to hear it, or are our senses so dulled that its pleas go unanswered?

Weak men wait for opportunities, strong men make them, and no great man complains of want of opportunity.

I Will Be Worthy

I may not reach the heights I seek,
My untired strength may fail me;
Or, half-way up the mountain peak
Fierce tempests may assail me.
But though that place I never gain,
Herein lies comfort for my pain.
I will be worthy of it.

I may not triumph in success,
Despite my earnest labours;
I may not grasp results that bless
The efforts of my neighbour.
But though my goal I never see,
This thought shall always dwell with me.
I will be worthy of it.

The golden glory of Love's light
May never fall on my way;
My path may always lead through night,
Like some deserted byway.
But though life's dearest joy I miss,
There lies a nameless strength in this.
I will be worthy of it.

—Ella Wheeler Wilcox.

Remember the 'Chronicle'
with your pennies
We need 'em, right now

Today's Thought

Try to do to others as you would have them do to you, and do not be discouraged if they fail sometimes.

—Dickens.

Behind the Headlines Ottawa

By Dean Wilson

A report is spreading in the Capital that certain powerful interests are considering the ways and means to pave the way towards the establishment of a National Government in Canada, and they are now engaged in formulating certain plans to accomplish this object.

The basis of this report does not indicate that either Prime Minister King or the leader of the Official Opposition, Hon. R. B. Bennett, are ready to retire from public life, but it is claimed that such vital negotiations are going on with the main purpose to satisfy certain discontented elements in both major political parties due to the developments within recent weeks, and also to make a supreme effort to unite all political forces of the Dominion towards effecting basic economy in public expenditure and to lower or avoid higher taxation. Such a union of major political parties may be instrumental in aiding business recovery and saving the solvency of this country through a quicker and more direct solution of several momentous national problems.

Everywhere one hears gossip on this report, and the discussions in recent weeks in influential circles in Ottawa leads to the conclusion that it is not a mere rumour now, but a report that has a definite foundation of fact. Therefore, expert observation of the national scene discloses that progress towards the realization of this scheme may be far more advanced than anyone

really is able to understand or appreciate, especially outside the Capital itself.

Union of the major parties is nothing new in Canada. It has happened on a number of occasions in the history of the Dominion when this country was in danger or when a national crisis developed. In 1854, Robert Baldwin, who was the leader of the Reform Party in Upper Canada, joined his forces with Sir John A. Macdonald to end a situation in the Dominion which threatened the very life of the country. When the dark days preceding the Confederation of 1867 found the major political parties in hopeless and stubborn deadlock, leaders came together in order to do their full duty to their country. Then again, during the last Great War there was a combination under Sir Robert Borden.

It appears now that Ottawa may not ignore entirely the claims of the United States Government that many American corporations and individuals of great wealth have used Canada as a means to avoid payment of large claims for income taxes, and it would be no surprise to anyone in Ottawa if some action or legislation culminates as a direct result of the present negotiations and investigations that are being made by the officials in the Capital.

A hint that the Canadian Government would be called upon to help Uncle Sam to collect his income taxes was offered in this column exclusively almost a month and a half ago, and while it was denied at that time, it now seems that the original information was absolutely correct. An official announcement is expected to come forth shortly regarding the creation of a common set of laws in Canada and the United States in order to permit the enforcement agencies of Ottawa and Washington to work hand in hand to properly carry out all the efforts of the Governments to check up on the revenues of certain wealthy corporations and individuals in both countries.

Good news for the Canadian labouring classes should be forthcoming soon, if the signs in the Capital mean anything. It is not difficult to foresee that official Ottawa plans a history-making and radical change of policy towards labour throughout every section of this Dominion.

According to the information that is available on this subject, it seems that the Federal Government intends to work out a scheme to effect a policy that entails legislation for the creation of strict laws to help the status and condition of workmen by enforcing safety rules in all trades, occupations, etc; by reducing the hours of work in certain types of employment, especially in the textile industry, building trades, etc; by enforcing definite rules in all public works projects, whether the question of relief is involved or not, with the purpose of safeguarding the safety of the person of the person of the workman, his standard of living, and his morale; by reducing the minimum age limit of every person subject to old age pensions; by creating better means to check the use of certain chemicals and materials in industry or trade which endanger the persons employed in such undertakings; by making it a criminal offense to expose anyone to dangerous machines which may prove harmful or fatal to the employee; by raising the age limit for minors engaged in any gainful work in any part of the Dominion.

While official sources in the Capital cannot be approached for a direct or authoritative statement on this subject, there are many good reasons to support a belief that all these enactments for the benefit of labour are being given careful consideration with a view to legislation in the very near future.

(Reproduction Prohibited, 1937, Educational Features Syndicate.)

Mr & Mrs C. H. McMillan and family leave this weekend for a three weeks holiday at the Coast.

The World of Wheat

By H. G. L. Strange
Director "Crop Testing Plan."

What is Canada's most valuable natural resource?

Some say the top six inches of the soil, some the sunshine or the hot days and cool nights, others the coal, copper, lead and zinc mines and the oil wells, — still others plump for the wealth of the forests and of the fish in lakes and streams.

For my part, I suggest that the twelve inches of rain, which, on the average falls, during the autumn and growing season months over Western Canada, forms our greatest natural resource. How valuable it is can only be fully appreciated when it fails to occur, and so, when we suffer from drought, consequently, in turn from poor crops, or, worse still, from complete crop failure.

Unfortunately, only 50 per cent of this most precious rainfall, scanty as it is, is available to the wheat plant; 25 per cent is lost by evaporation—this probably is unavoidable—but 25 per cent also is lost by weeds which, it has been calculated, decrease the yield by about 35 per cent.

Obviously, then, it seems that one of the best ways to increase crop yields, which would actually be the equivalent increasing the rainfall, is to eliminate the weeds.

The drought consumes us. There on high (continued on page 8, column 3)

SUPER SAVINGS



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He that waits upon fortune is never sure of a dinner.

Many Factors Enter Into Establishment Of A Sound Plan Of Crop Insurance

Crop insurance attempts in Saskatchewan had failed for several reasons, one of which was small capitalization and lack of adequate financial reserves of operating companies, stated Wilmer J. Hansen, of Ottawa, who addressed members of the Canadian Society of Technical Agriculturists at Saskatoon. Mr. Hansen reviewed the whole question of crop insurance as it was related to Saskatchewan.

It was significant, he said, that in the period 1918-1925, there were only three years, 1922, 1923 and 1925, when the average yield of wheat did not fall to five bushels per acre or less in any one municipality of the province. "Even in those years, it may be safely asserted that crop failure was experienced on a considerable number of individual farms," he said.

There were many factors affecting the wheat crop in Saskatchewan which demanded consideration in insuring the crop. Some of these were soil and topography, chemical, physical and biological characteristics of the soil, arability, texture of soil and subsoil, tendency to drift, location with respect to the drouth area, climatic conditions, prevalence of plant disease, infestation by birds, animals, rodents and insects, besides many farm procedure factors, including preparation of the seed bed, selection of wheat varieties, the depth and rate of seeding, adequacy of farm power, weed control, insect control, rotation methods, use of fertilizers and so on.

The yield of wheat per acre was the result of the unpredictable combination of all the foregoing factors. During the last 20 years, Mr. Hansen said, the yield of wheat per acre had been a more important factor than the acreage seeded in determining the total production of wheat in the province.

During the period 1916-1925, 252,000,000 acres had been seeded to wheat. Regarding yields not in excess of five bushels per acre as crop failures, approximately nine per cent of the acreage seeded to wheat had been a crop failure, and four per cent had produced bumper crops. Bumper crop periods had been less frequent than other type crops.

"They are apparently exceptions rather than the rule," the speaker said. Several attempts at crop insurance had been made by insurance companies, the types including yield insurance (general crop coverage) cost of production or investment, minimum cash value per acre, citrus and truck garden crops, and hail insurance.

The attempts at general crop insurance had failed because, (1) operations were restricted to a relatively small area, the entire territory of which was affected by drouth. (2) The insurance contract covered prices as well as yield, and prices took an unexpected drop. (3) The data were insufficient upon which to base coverage and premium rates in order to avoid over and under insurance. (4) Inefficient management and lack of control over agents; writing of insurance late in the season when it was evident losses would be incurred, and (5) small capitalization and lack of adequate financial reserves on the part of the operating companies which would enable them to spread risks and conduct operations for a long period.

The problem of crop insurance was not that of averaging losses of the individual farmer from year to year, as it was one of averaging the losses over a period of years, the speaker declared. It was not so much of spreading the income of a group of farmers as much as spreading the income of individual farmers over a period of years.

Yield insurance aimed at giving protection covering such uncontrollable hazards as drouth, hail, wind, temperature, insect infestation, plant diseases, flood, lightning and tornado. A 60 per cent coverage of the long-term average yield of wheat would perform a reasonable service, the speaker believed.

He discussed the advisability of compulsory crop insurance, and drew the conclusion that a modified compulsory crop insurance plan was desirable. Technical insurance matters, such as payment of premiums and the position of tax payments with respect to indemnities, were also discussed.

"Did you hear about Smith, the bank cashier? He's lost a fifty thousand dollars from his bank, and run off with his friend's wife!"

"Good heavens! And who'll take his Sunday School class to-morrow?"

Toads Eat Bugs

And They Grow Them Large In Hawaii

"Hawaiian toads" are the latest discovery of American agricultural experts in their efforts to find destroyers of insects that attack crops. The toads, scientifically known as the Bufo Marinus, first were introduced into the Hawaiian Islands a few years ago, where they proved extremely useful in eradicating all harmful insects on sugar plantations.

Since then, they have become sufficiently numerous to permit exportation, and the first foreign demands have come from the British colony in the Fiji Islands, where they again are giving excellent results.

They are now sufficient in numbers to permit of exportation to any country of the world that asks for them.

They are the largest toads known and can devour an amazing quantity of bugs.

New Gadgets

U.S. Patent Office Cluttered Up With Inventions

Inventions on which patents were granted by the U.S. Patent Office during the past month included the following:

A necktie constructed in telescoping sections so that it can be adjusted to any length. A golf club with a drill in the top of the shaft for boring a hole in which to insert a wooden tee when the ground is hard.

A salt shaker with a rotatable brush inside the cap for clearing the perforations of caked salt. A refrigerator tray which freezes ice in spheres instead of cubes. A streamlined head for golf clubs. A sandwich bag with a special compartment in the bottom for salt and pepper.

A machine for slicing mushrooms.—Time.

Now Honored By Nation

Chinese Once Denounced As Traitor Given New Name

Ma Hsiao-ping, 98-year-old state councillor who was impeached as a traitor 40 years ago because he tried to float a loan in the United States for industrial development of China, has moved into a new home in Nanjing.

Public funds of \$15,000 were raised to honor his great age and a new house was built. Ma was impeached in 1897 by the Peking board of censors who backed the anti-foreigners campaign of Tsai Hsi, empress dowager. A devout Catholic, Ma attributes his great age and continued vigor to his unvaried diet consisting of sweet milk, sweet biscuits, light French wine, chicken broth, poached eggs, orange juice and hot chocolate.

Study Quits

To Publish Result Of Psychological Study Carried Out By University

Why Canada's world-famed Dionne quintuplets become the five healthy youngsters they are will be disclosed in his next annual report, Dr. Allan Ray Dufoe, their physician, said. The report will be published this fall. Results of a psychological study of the quintuplets, carried out by University of Toronto experts under Dr. W. E. Blatz, psychologist and educationist, are being compiled now. Findings of the experts were passed on to Dr. Dufoe.

Good After Dinner Story

The death of the widow of Pett Ridge recalls the wonderful work he did for children in East London. A humorous writer, his hobby was child welfare. He was also a first-class after-dinner speaker. One of his best after-dinner stories was of a notice which he said he had seen outside one of the then new dance halls. This notice read: "The management have the right to refuse admission to any lady they think proper."

Strange Security

Lungtung Pagoda, which has stood for ages as the most noted landmark of Shanghai, has been mortgaged for \$300 by the monks of Lungtung Temple to a rice shop in a nearby village. The abbot was embarrassed recently when he was asked to pay a large mortgage bill contracted by the temple, which has been insolvent for a long time, and he asked the proprietor of the store to take the pagoda as security.

King George I. of England, could not speak the language of his domain. —2211

SMALLEST PONY AT INTERNATIONAL SHOW



Above is the smallest shetland pony entered at the International Horse Show at Olympia, London. Its charming mistress has no difficulty holding the little fellow by its front feet.

Rubber Trees Short Lived

Are Only Valuable Commercially For About 30 Years

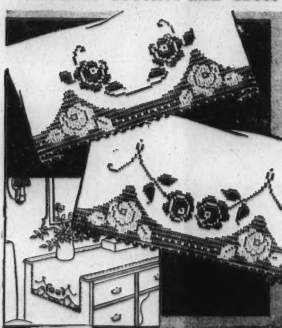
A short time ago we learned a lot about tea plantations in India from J. M. Kilburn, of Assam, and then we took our second lesson in exporting trades of the British Empire from Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Sparks, a charming English couple who have left their rubber plantation in Penang, Straits Settlement, for a trip to the Old Country. . . . We were told that rubber, as it runs from the trees looks like a harmless cup of milk, but it has a nasty trick of gumming up everything it touches. A couple of drops in your hair, for instance, will send you to the barber to be shaved as bald as a baby. Estates, staffed mostly by tappers from Sumatra, India, run from 300 to 10,000 acres. Trees resemble our fir in size and live indefinitely. Their commercial life is about 25 to 30 years, but science is devising a system of bud grafting at the base of the trunk which planters hope will raise yearly production from 400 pounds an acre to two thousand. The milky sap (called latex) is lugged to the factory where it is saved into tanks, broken down with water and mixed with acid to coagulate. It's left overnight with aluminum salts inserted in the tanks, so that in the morning the rubber has formed hard white slabs. These are rolled to one-eighth-inch thickness and sent to the smoke house for two to five days until thoroughly dry and a beautiful amber brown in color. The product is then exported to manufacturers throughout the world who start in to tear the slabs apart and make them out over again. . . . Mr. Sparks has been on his plantation for 27 years. When he first arrived he covered the tracks on horseback, but now he uses a little two-seater car to go over his 2,000 acres.—Toronto Telegram.

Weight has no influence on the velocity of falling bodies. An iron ball and a wooden ball, of equal size, will fall at the same rate of speed.

Passenger trips taken on British railways in a recent month numbered 99,911,912.

Combine Crochet and Cross Stitch

Combine Crochet and Cross Stitch



Here's a bit of simple "Addition" that adds up to something full of charm and color! Combine a border of crochet with a cross stitch motif that echoes the same dainty rose design, and you'll bring new beauty to scarf, towels, pillow cases or other linens. If you prefer, use either the cross stitch or crochet alone, doing the embroidery in a single or varied colors, the crochet in white or colored thread. In pattern 5751 you will find a transfer pattern of two motifs 4x10 1/2 inches; two motifs 3 1/2 x 7 1/2 inches; a chart and directions for a 3x15 inch crocheted edge; material requirements; illustrations of all stitches used; color suggestions. To obtain this pattern send 20 cents in stamps or coin (cash preferred) to Household Arts Dept., Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave. E., Winnipeg. There is no Alice Brooks pattern published.

Farm Club Work Has Placed Young Farmers In Position Of Commanding Importance

Depends On Circumstances

Sometimes Hard And Fast Rules Should Be Broken

On retiring after 46 years of progressively successful service to the Canadian Pacific Railway, one employee declared facetiously that his promotion was accounted for by his breaking of the company's rules. This sounds like insubordination, but insubordination will not get any individual far along the road to success. A little thought brings the conviction that circumstances may arise in which hard-and-fast regulations will not work. In moments of doubt a man, eager to do the right thing, may throw aside all the rules, letting common sense be his guide. In the railway business, as in all extensive enterprises, quick decisions are necessary, and there may be no time to consult the rule-book. There will be more commendation for a man who succeeds by breaking the rules than for one who fails by sticking to them.

There are precedents for this disregard of orders and rules. Military leaders find themselves in positions where disregard of recognized tactics and reliance on initiative will save the day. And didn't the mighty Nelson at Copenhagen place his blind eye to the telescope when signals ordered him to retire from the battle? And where is there a greater naval hero than Nelson? He disobeyed commands but "England expects every man to do his duty" was most effective than orders. Anyway, William Fulton has been a highly successful railway official.—Toronto Globe and Mail.

Process Is A Secret

Molten Glass Can Be Drawn Into Fine Strong Threads

Underwear, blankets and wool can now be made from glass. The process of manufacture is a close secret, but this much is known. Steam is applied to molten glass and turns it into a snow-white, fluffy mass which can be drawn into fine threads of great strength. Each thread is 1-20th the diameter of a human hair and is drawn at the rate of 260,000 feet per minute, or 3,000 miles an hour—faster than a high velocity rifle bullet! If the quantity of glass in an ordinary pint milk bottle were subjected to this process it would more than lap the world at the equator.—Montreal Star.

Takes Flyer's Advice

Sir Malcolm Campbell Has 34,500 Tennis Balls In Speedboat

Sir Malcolm Campbell, holder of the world land speed record, took a tip from the trans-Atlantic fliers, Dick Merrill and Harry Richman, in building his new speedboat, the Bluebird, which was launched in Scotland on Loch Lomond. Sir Malcolm may use the boat in an attempt to capture the world speed record from Gar Wood. Following the idea of Merrill and Richman, who flew the Atlantic with table tennis balls stowed in the wings of their plane, Sir Malcolm has 34,500 table tennis balls lining the hull of his speedboat to give added buoyancy.

A Sensible Idea

Plan Adopted By Parents Of Popular Daughter Works Well

Mary stayed out later than her parents thought she should. She is 18 and her parents used to sit up and wait until she came home. Mary said she was being treated like a child. So the set an hour between the time Mary thought she should be in and the time the parents said was right and the alarm clock was placed at that hour. Now the parents go to bed on time and it is up to Mary to be home in time to "unscrew" the alarm clock and the plan works well.—Parents Magazine.

On Long Trip

Government Ship On 5,000-Mile Patrol In Hudson Bay

The N. B. McLean, biggest unit of the government icebreaking fleet, has sailed from Quebec on her annual 5,000-mile patrol in Hudson Bay and on October 1 the ship will be away until October. On board were 11 wireless operators who will relieve men stationed in the northern lighthouses since the ship's visit last year.

Overalls with pictures of the city printed on them are now sold in London.

One of the distinctive features of modern agriculture in the Dominion is the prominence of youth in all that pertains to the industry. This was not always so. In times gone by, owing to force of circumstances there was little inducement to youth on the farm further than a love of hard work, but, since the interest of young people has been aroused, the love of achievement in the eldest and greatest of all industries has placed the young farmer in a position of commanding importance.

This commanding position is in reality the outcome of one of the most progressive and encouraging movements of modern times, namely, farm club organization for girls and boys. Officially known as "Boys' and Girls' Farm Club Work in Canada," the movement is designed to develop interest in the farm and farm life; to provide a practical education in agriculture and home economics; to improve farm practices; to encourage the use of better livestock and seed; and to train young people for citizenship in their respective districts.

The boys' and girls' farm club work is encouraged by Dominion and Provincial Departments of Agriculture, and Extension Departments of the Universities and Agricultural Colleges, and is consolidated and coordinated through the "Canadian Council on Boys' and Girls' Farm Work." The movement is national in its scope and outlook, and the increasing enrolment of members is encouraging. In 1931 there were 1,215 clubs with a membership of 21,142. In 1936 the number of clubs had increased to 2,998 and the membership to 34,457.

The membership of the Canadian Council on Boys' and Girls' Farm Work includes the Dominion Department of Agriculture, the Provincial Departments of Agriculture, with the exception of Saskatchewan which is represented by the Extension Department of the University, and local business and educational associations. The central office of the council is in the Confederation Building, Ottawa, and the General Secretary is A. E. MacLaurin.

Would Help Growers

If Canada Had More Plants For Canning Vegetables

Possibly if Canadians knew better how to can vegetables or if cities encouraged the business, more plants or canneries in smaller centres, would help Canadian growers and workers. For the value of the fresh vegetables imported during April increased approximately \$133,000 over April, 1935. The amount was \$1,000 as compared with \$659,000 of which the United States supplied \$609,221. Domestic outputs of fresh vegetables were worth \$145,000 as compared with \$108,000 of which the United States took \$113,174. Potatoes were exported in heavier volume, amounting to 196,736 bushels as compared with 102,003, the United States being the largest purchaser.—Brandon Sun.

Indian Prince Buys Jewels

Pays \$74,175 For Necklace Which Belonged To French Queen

An Indian prince paid \$150,000 (\$74,175) for a diamond necklace which belonged to Marie Antoinette. The necklace, with 45 stones in a red Morocco case bearing the coat-of-arms and initials of the French queen, was purchased at Sotheby's auction by an agent for the Maharajah of Baranaga. It was sold by its joint owners, the Archduchess Bianca of Austria and Princess Beatrice of Bourbon, daughters of Don Carlos, late claimant of the Spanish throne.

Sky Scrapers In Germany

Hamburg is to have a towering New York-like skyline as a "monumental expression" of its importance as a world port. An extensive program of tall buildings has been authorized by Chancellor Adolf Hitler and announced to the Hamburg Senate. One of the first projects will be a 40-story skyscraper, 150 feet high. Others, ranging up to 15 stories, will include a hotel for workers.

The Indian swallow, the bird that "lives in a glass house," glues the top of its nest to a rocky cliff, and spins a basket-shaped structure of gelatinous threads that harden in the air and resemble amber glass.

J. M. Barrie, in "Dear Brutus," said there were three things which a man can never recall the spoken word, the past life, and the neglected opportunity.

WORLD HAPPENINGS
BRIEFLY TOLD

Reserve championship for Percherons at the Calgary exhibition was won by Konzeur, owned by Mitchell and Keith of Edmonton.

Harvard observatory has announced the discovery by Dr. P. Finster, professor of mathematics at the University of Zurich, Switzerland, of a new comet of the seventh magnitude.

T. H. Bickle, son of Edward Bickle, Toronto broker, died by asphyxiation at the bottom of the St. Lawrence river while he worked in diving equipment attempting to recover an oil barrel motor.

Twenty-two more employees of the Soviet Far Eastern Railways have been executed as "agents of the Japanese intelligence service, spies and diversionists," Khabarovsk press adds reported.

Prime Minister Chamberlain has accepted an invitation to become honorary president of the League of Nations union, it became known, but coupled his acceptance with a strong warning the union must be strictly non-party in character.

A contract for the construction of an aircraft carrier as part of the 1937 naval building program has been awarded to Vickers-Armstrong, Ltd., of Barrow-in-Furness, the admiralty announced. The warship is to be named H.M.S. Indomitable.

Canada should have a coast-to-coast line of bands to safeguard air travel, Hugh B. Monaghan, past president of Hamilton Aero Club, said on his return from a trip to Moose Jaw via the air route. Radio was needed for safety, he said.

A homing pigeon, "Lady Churchill," released at the Pae, Man, May 18, has completed its flight home to San Antonio, Texas, a distance of 2,039 miles, a communication from Texas stated. The 43-day hop was considered by birdmen to constitute a world's record.

Method Has Been Improved

Engines Oiled While Train Is Moving Means Increased Speed

Recent improvements in the methods of lubrication to keep moving parts properly oiled while a train is in motion, enables locomotives to meet the growing demands for increased speed and extended runs. This was one of the subjects described to the mechanical division of the Association of American Railroads, in convention in Atlantic City.

Many locomotives now are equipped with mechanical lubricators which keep roller bearings, axle rods and other moving parts oiled adequately, thus avoiding wear and friction. Not only does this make possible greater efficiency, but it also reduces terminal servicing of locomotives. Steam locomotives in numerous cases now operate on continuous runs of nearly 1,000 miles, while in the passenger service on certain railroads, Diesel locomotives operate on continuous runs in excess of 2,000 miles.—Buffalo Courier-Express.

Baulking The Auto Thief

New Style Of License Plate Designed For Drivers' Protection

A license plate intended to baulk the most wary auto thief by making him a mark for policemen or citizens as soon as he tries to slip away unnoticed in a stolen car has been invented by Messrs. Philip Parkes and Thomas Richardson, of Winnipeg.

When the car-owner parks his machine he pulls out a section of the plate, cut to slide easily into place against a riveted-on back piece of heavy tin, painted a glaring red. This leaves an incomplete plate with a red gap in it that says plainly: "I belong to a stolen car. Come and get me." A car thief cannot get far with the red spot showing. But the rightful owner of the car, returning to his parking place and finding his machine where he left it, merely slips the missing part back into place and goes on his way with a complete license.—Brockville Recorder and Times.

Sodium Sulphate Production

The natural sodium sulphate industry is growing rapidly in Saskatchewan, having risen from 8,592 short tons in 1929 to 72,000 tons in 1934, according to "Canadian Finance". Sodium sulphate is used in the manufacture of craft paper, and in the smelting of nickel-copper ores. It is also used in the glass, dye and textile trades, and for medicinal and tanning purposes.

Stamps Depict Food Stuffs

Official stamps depicting foodstuffs are issued by Liberia (pale apple), South Africa (orange tree), Ecuador (cocoa bean), Dahomey (date palm), Liberia (pepper), Kedah (rice), and Mozambique (corn).

ENTERS MINISTRY



British Columbia's first woman candidate for the ministry of the United Church is Miss Norah L. Hughes, graduate of the University of British Columbia, and lately an assistant in botany at the provincial university.

Rusted Seed Wheat

Experiment Shows Germination Quality Not Impaired

The use of rusted seed in certain experiments carried out by the field crop branch of the Saskatchewan department of agriculture in 1935 and 1936 suggested that this seed developed as well as the more expensive seeds used under similar conditions. S. H. Vigor, field crops representative of the provincial government, told members of the Western Canadian Society of Agronomy at the University of Saskatchewan.

The conditions under which the grain was seeded, Mr. Vigor said, were approximately normal. The rusted wheat germinated as well as similar samples not rusted and the young plants seemed quite as healthy. Later in the season the crop was subjected to a prolonged drought and hot weather. The crop grown from rusted seed apparently stood up as well as the other crops in the same vicinity.

Other members of the group in addition similar experiments and found similar results. There was, however, no general conclusion to be drawn from the experiments so far carried out. It was believed that more experience with rusted seed might be necessary to conclusively prove the comparative value of the cheaper seed wheat.

Another matter respecting the influence of the rate of sowing on the development of weeds received some attention. Several members suggested that heavier seeding helped in the reduction of weeds in the crop and thus reduced the amount of dockage in the marketed crop.

Factory Closed Many Years

Employer In Somerset Town Had Dispute With Labor

Twenty years ago one of the leading glove makers in Yeovil, Somerset, resented the demands of his employees, said "all right, I can do without you."

Within a few minutes his last instructions were obeyed. Work ceased and the great oil engine which gave power to the glove machines pattered out, men and women passed out through the doors for the last time. The factory had closed down.

Mr. Gould died, but the "ghost factory" remained closed—until recently when an army of workmen entered. They found dust inches thick over floors and benches; the sewing machines rust-bound and choked, still with silks threaded through the needles.

With spade, brush and shovel, this large factory had its clean-up. A revival of industry in this town demands it. Floor space is urgently needed to cope with Yeovil's increasing trade.

Not Very Grateful

In Kansas City a woman was knocked down by a car. Out popped Sir Walter Raleigh in the person of Johnny Carroll, grocer. Sir John brushed the lady off, took her into his store, gave her a glass of water and inquired if there wasn't something else he could do for her.

"Well," she said, "I've got to get some groceries before I go home. Will you take me across the street to the chain store?"

First Guest—"What's holding the wedding up?"
Second guest—"Oh, the bride's father is a plumber and he forgot to bring her."

There are 800 theatres in New York City. Of these, 252 are legitimate theatres, the balance movie houses.

Occasionally a man gets so discouraged that he feels like writing poetry.

For Exhibition Purposes

Surgical Operations On Dogs And Horses Should Be Prohibited

A Toronto magistrate dismissed a charge of cruelty to animals preferred against a veterinary surgeon who clipped a dog's ears and put a wooden frame on the animal's head to keep the mutilation in place. The evidence revealed that the dog had been in a fight with another dog and his ears had been so lacerated that it was necessary to perform surgical repair. The erroneous impression was given that the ear-clipping process was for the purpose of preparing the dog for exhibition purposes. The magistrate remarked that if it had been established that the operation was merely to have the dog's head conform to certain showing fashions, his decision would have been different.

This case brings to recollection that there has been sharp disputes concerning show requirements in cases of horses and dogs. It was the custom to dock the tails of horses in certain classes, for exhibition purposes, and it was also the custom to clip the ears of certain breeds of dogs and put them into a wooden frame so that they would stand up to give the animal an alert appearance.

These surgical operations were painful, there can be no doubt about that; but showing fashions are immutable, like the laws of the Medes and Persians. However, many humane persons do not think much of these modes for dogs' ears and horses' tails. They are sufficiently naïve to believe that it is hard to improve on nature when it comes to appearance, in the case of all animals. Horses and dogs, who are the faithful servants and companions of human beings, ought not to be subjected to unnecessary pain just because someone has thought of a freak fashion. The way to cure that idea is to clip the ears of exhibitors and put them in wooden frames until they heal. One experiment of that kind would end any inclination to try it out on the dog.—Woodstock Sentinel-Review.

Woman Has Strange Pets

Wife Of British Consul In Detroit Devoted To Snakes

Additions to the exhibits at the new Detroit Insect Zoo in Convention Hall included three snakes loaned by Mrs. L. C. Hughes-Hallett, wife of the British Consul in Detroit, who finds that snakes make "marvelous pets."

Mrs. Hughes-Hallett lent to the zoo an Arizona bull snake, a California bull snake and a pilot black snake caught near Albion, Mich.

"Snakes are not just a hobby with me," Mrs. Hughes-Hallett said. "I am devoted to them and they are devoted to me."

She acquired a fondness for the creatures in India, where she was born, and has caught, raised and trained them since she was a small girl. She is delighted particularly by their responsiveness after brief training.

"The California bull snake, which I have had for more than two years, would sit for hours in front of my chair without moving," she said, "I became very fond of it, even taking it for automobile rides."

France is getting a law to abolish tipping. Not in order is a law regulating the tides and the sunsets.

ELIZABETH TRIMS A COURTIER'S BEARD



An amusing episode in the Pageant of Surrey being performed this summer in London as an aid to hospital charities. Elizabeth of York is helping a courtier to make up for his part in the pageant by trimming his beard.

MAKE THIS MODEL AT HOME—
SLIMMING FROCK A STYLE
LEADER

By Anne Adams



You're going to shine in Summer's Fashion Parade when you don this lovely afternoon frock, as Anne Adams "charmer," that seems to melt pounds from your figure and bestow upon you those slender, graceful lines you've been longing for! Club-members, tea or bride parties will demand just such a flatterer as Pattern 4451, a joy to behold made up in a flower-spangled synthetic, shadowy sheer chiffon, or inexpensive printed voile. Don't you just love the brief sleeves, dainty bow-accented yoke, V-neckline, and gracefully flared skirt? Send for the easy pattern, and start your frock immediately!

Pattern 4451 is available in women's sizes 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46 and 48. Size 36 takes 3½ yards 39 inch fabric. Illustrated Step-by-Step Sewing Instructions included. Send twenty cents (20c) in coin or stamps (coin preferred), for this Anne Adams pattern. Write plainly Size, Name, Address and Style Number, and send order to the Anne Adams Pattern Dept., Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave. E., Winnipeg.

Dogs Are Disease Carriers

New York Society Would Bar Them From City

Formation of a society to bring about the complete banishment of dogs from New York City is announced.

The sponsors, describing themselves as dog lovers who felt that the animal would be better off in the country or suburbs, declared that, though lovable in some respects, dogs were the city's worst disease distributor. The organization is tentatively called the Animal Welfare Society.

Hawaii produces about 216,000,000 cans of pineapple annually. Placed side by side, these cans would reach halfway around the world.

Increased living costs is becoming a serious problem in Bolivia.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

JULY 18

GOD ENCOURAGES A LEADER

Golden text: The Lord will give strength unto his people. Psalm 29: 11.

Lesson: Exodus 3:13-6:1.

Devotional reading: Isaiah 61:8.

Explanations and Comments

The Source of Help, Exodus 3:13-16. Moses is thinking his mission through. He sees himself trying to arouse his people by telling them that the God of their fathers has sent him to free them. Will they accept him as their divinely appointed leader. He fears not. "Who made thee a prince and a judge over us?" had been their angry question forty years before when he had taken up their cause against the Egyptians. They again question his authority. "What is his name?" they will ask concerning "the God of their fathers" who they may have drifted far away from their ancestral faith. How could he convince them of the nature of God?

And God said unto Moses, I AM THAT I AM. The margin of the Revised Version gives three alternative translations of the Hebrew: I AM BECAUSE I AM. I AM WHO I AM. AND I WILL BE WHAT I WILL BE. Moffatt accepts the last translation. "Say unto the children of Israel," God said to Moses. "I AM hath sent me unto you," and moreover, "Jeovah, the God of your fathers, the God of Abraham, the God of Isaac, and the God of Jacob, hath sent me unto you: this is my name for ever, and this is my memorial unto all generations." "This is my name for all ages," (Moffatt's translation).

The Return to Egypt: The Meeting of Moses and Aaron, Exodus 4:18-31. Moses took leave of Jethro, his father-in-law, and with his wife and sons, started for Egypt. His brother Aaron met him in the desert. In Goshen they appeared together before Aaron, who was already there. Then what God had assured them they must do. The people believed that God had taken pity on their afflictions, and bowed their heads and worshipped him.

Goes To Greenland

Dr. Forsdahl, Of Ottawa, To Visit His Relations In Far North

Dr. A. E. Forsdahl, now a botanist in the National Museum of Canada, is leaving for Godhavn, North Greenland, to visit his parents, Dr. and Mrs. Morten Forsdahl. His father, director of the Danish scientific station, Godhavn, has twice visited Ottawa. Dr. A. E. Forsdahl has not seen his mother or sister for at least 12 years.

The Canadian Government scientist is sailing to the Far North with Captain Robert (Bob) Bartlett on the schooner Morrimore. Bartlett is headed for Smith Sound between Greenland and Ellesmere Island, but will stop off at Godhavn to enable Dr. Forsdahl to join his family. He will pick him up again two months later.

Dr. A. E. Forsdahl was in the headlines on many occasions in connection with the reindeer drive from Alaska to the Mackenzie district of the North West Territories. He made an investigation of the grazing possibilities of the Mackenzie district and later superintended the arrival of the herd, returning on his adventures to the Royal Geographical Society.

Want To Solve Puzzle

How El Turns Food Into Electricity Problem For Scientists

How would an el turn its dinner of fresh fish into 500 volts of electricity? Two scientists who have just returned from Brazil after spending two months studying the electric eels are looking for the answer. The electric eel is said to be part fish and part power plant. "We kept a careful record of electrical discharges of 27 eels," one scientist reported, "and we found that the smallest eel—only eight inches in length—gave off a regular impulse of not less than 110 volts. The most potent discharges recorded was one of 50 volts from an eel about a yard in length." Indians dwelling along the shores where the eels are found fear the high tension creatures as much as any beast of the jungle.—Peterborough Examiner.

A Profitable Business

Newly-wed couple in Munich who purchased 18 different bedroom suits, are now spending their honeymoon in prison. Through Hitler's "aid to newly-weds" plan, they obtained 18 coupons to enable them to get furniture on the hire purchase system. Before they were caught they had sold their 17 surplus suits, realising about \$20,000.

Forced To Use Concrete

In the midst of a great construction boom, Argentina is faced with a serious shortage of iron and steel. Recently the government, which approved an extensive building program, including the erection of several steel-structured departmental buildings, has changed its plans and will now use reinforced concrete instead.

Health

LEAGUE OF CANADA

presents

TOPICS OF VITAL INTEREST

by DR. J. W. S. McCULLOUGH

ARTICLE NO. 1

PREVALENCE OF CANCER

Cancer is rather prevalent all over the world. Knowledge of this fact causes uneasiness in the minds of some middle-aged persons. But cancer is not nearly so prevalent as heart disease and few persons lose any sleep over the thought that they may die from heart disease.

Statistics are quoted to show how rapidly cancer is increasing. The figures published by statisticians, who reveal in figures, would lead one to think that cancer is increasing very rapidly. In spite of this, one doubts if there is any considerable increase of cancer cases from year to year.

Much of the apparent increase is due to greater skill of doctors in finding cases of cancer; to the better records of mortality in the last generation and to greater knowledge of disease among the people themselves.

Moreover, people of the present generation are living longer than those of former generations. Fifteen years on the average have been added to the life of man since 1900. Since cancer is a disease chiefly of middle age and after the longer people live the better opportunity there is for them to develop cancer. Ninety per cent. of all cancers occur after 35 years.

The prevalence of cancer, while serious enough, need not unnecessarily alarm the public. Even at this cancer is a serious malady. It stands second in the list of the "killing" diseases. In the last 10 years cancer has displaced tuberculosis from this position. The infection costs Canada between 10,000 and 11,000 lives each year.

Countries with a higher average age in its population appear to have more cancers, judging by the death rates, than countries where this average is low. Great Britain and the continental countries of Europe, have, for this reason, more cancer than young countries like Canada, where the ages of the people are on the whole, lower. Similarly, there is, for the same reason, more cancer in the older provinces than there is in the younger provinces. The latter's population is on the average younger than that of the Maritimes, Ontario, Quebec and British Columbia. As our country gets older, and the population assumes a higher average age, the incidence of cancer is likely to increase.

Article No. 2 will be "What Is Cancer?"

Good Place To Live

Helsingfors Will Not Allow Noise At Any Time

Angora, which has just issued a decree forbidding the use of horns in the streets, has nothing on the city of Helsingfors in the matter of quietness. In the big Finnish seaport motor horns and sirens are banned, there is a similar veto on tramcars and on the use of noisy machines. The city fathers are so strict that they forbid to shout, hawkers have to peddle their wares sotto voce while even street corner orators are compelled to speak indoors. As a result a sort of Sabbatarian calm prevails at the busiest hours, and profoundly impresses the average visitor.—Glasgow Bulletin.

Poison Snakes For Zoo

Travel In Separate Boxes From Calcutta To London

Snailers arrivals at the London zoo are eight Indian banded krait and seven Russell's vipers, among the deadliest poison snakes in existence. These newcomers to the reptile house travelled all the way from Calcutta, each in a separate box. They needed no food during their long voyage, but had periodically to be sprinkled with water through the perforated lids of their cases.

Airplane Fowls

"Say," said the woman customer over the telephone, "the next time I order a chicken, don't send me any more airplane fowls."

"What do you mean—airplane fowls?" asked the butcher.

"You know what I mean: All wings and machinery and no body."

Beaver dams were important and helpful in controlling erosion in this country before man's arrival.

WE SPECIALIZE IN- and MACHINE WORK

Agent For
John Deere Farm Implements
Elephant Brand Tractors
W. A. HURT

Council Meetings

The council of the village of Crossfield will meet in the Fire Hall on the first Monday of each month at the hour of 8 o'clock p.m.

By Order of the Village Council.
T. Tredaway, Sec.-Treas.

Conveyancing - Insurance

OUR SPECIALTY

Fire and Automobile Insurance

T. Tredaway

WELL DRILLING

AND

PUMP REPAIRING

F. L. Patchell

Crossfield . . . Alberta

All Kinds of TINSMITHING WORK

J. L. McRory

CROSSFIELD . . . Alberta

Canadian Legion

B.E.S.L.

Crossfield Branch
No. 113

F. MOSSOP, President

HARRY MAY, Secretary

G. Y. McLean

Bookkeeping - Auditing
Commissioner for Oaths
CHRONICLE OFFICE

DENTAL

Doctors Warren & Hood

DENTISTS

X-Ray (Office Over Kreges Store)

236-8th Avenue : CALGARY

Dr. Milton Warren

Ceratains Every Monday

Beckner's Store Phone 10

LEGAL

E. C. COLLIER, L.L.B.

Barrister Solicitor

310 Grain Exchange Bldg.

Calgary, Alberta

Crossfield every Saturday

Tredaway Office Phone 33

Here's a Bargain!

50c Prophylactic

Tooth Brush

and

New 25c Prophylactic

Tooth Powder

A 75c Value

Both for

49c

As a Morning Health Drink

take

WAMPOLE'S GRAPE SALT

50c - \$1.00

Edlund's Drug Store

Crossfield Phone 3

The REXALL Store

The Very Latest

"VICTOR"

Recording

"PETE KNIGHT'S

LAST RIDE"

Sung by Wilf Carter

B.B. Record No. B4623

each **39** cents

Supply Is Limited

PLACE ORDERS NOW

BANNISTER ELECTRIC

Your RADIO Store

SOCIETY SLANTS

NOTICE

A meeting of the Crossfield Social Credit Group will be held in the Masonic Hall on Thursday, July 22nd, at 8:30 p.m. Speaker, Mr. Landryon, M.P., of Calgary. Everybody welcome. Ladies Provide.

LADIES AID

The Ladies Aid will hold an afternoon tea and sale of home cooking, in the Armouries, on Saturday, July 24th, commencing at 3:00 p.m.

If You Would Like Your

Auction Sale

Efficiently and Satisfactorily Conducted by an Auctioneer who knows value—gets it—see . . .

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Leave Orders at Chronicle Office

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DIRECTORS OF SERVICES

HOME MEAT MARKET

AND GROCETERIA

Our Specialty

:-

FRESH MEATS

FRESH AND CURED FISH

FRESH VEGETABLES

FRESH FRUIT

A TRIAL IS SOLICITED

C. MIELOND Crossfield

TALKIES

SHOWING

TUESDAY, JULY 20,

at the

U.F.A. HALL, Crossfield

REGIS TOOMEY

and

SHEILA TERRY

in

'Bars of Hate'

:-

also COMEDY SHORTS

TWO SHOWINGS

7:00 p.m. :- 9:00 p.m.

ADMISSION

15c & 25c tax extra

Call in for

SPECIAL PRICES

in

MEATS

LOCAL-KILLED

BEEF AND VEAL

Special Prices

on

POT ROASTS

Crossfield Meat Market

T. L. Christmas : Proprietor

CROSSFIELD CHATTER

Farmers! This year, more than ever, conserve your water runs. This is vital to your welfare.

The vote of thanks recorded at the People's League meeting, June 30th, was moved by Rev. A. D. Currie, and not T. Tredaway, as recorded by the Chronicle.

A. (Happy) McMillan leaves Friday for a two week's vacation in northern Saskatchewan. Happy says he will take a well-earned rest. The elevator will be closed during his absence.

Ruth Richardson is being complimented on having passed her Grade VIII practical piano examination with the Toronto Conservatory of Music, with honours. Last year she passed the theory examination with honours.

Writing the Chronicle from Edmonton, Mrs. D. L. Tweedle says, "Please place us on the mailing list for the Chronicle, it's the best way to keep in touch with Crossfield doings." This is a good suggestion, and we are open for many more of the same kind. If you have friends who like to hear about Crossfield District doings, why not place them on the subscription list. The fee small, \$1.50 a year, just a few cents more. Call and see us, you are welcome any time.

The World of Wheat

(continued from page four)

The hills are parched, the streams are dry.

The drought consumes us. Still I strive

And will not leave while I survive.

—Chinese poem about 900 B.C., from the Shi King Collection of Confucius—

Devastating droughts, as we can perceive from this ancient Chinese classic, is no new thing.

Steadfast striving against the difficulties of drought, too, it seems, is not new, for it has been the common rule in all ages with those who till the furrowed face of the land.

For six, in some places eight, long dry dreary years, the farmers of southern Saskatchewan have demonstrated to the world their determination to strive. Each spring, with gradually diminishing resources, these courageous people, in keeping with the ancient spirit as shown in the Chinese classical poem, have seeded and cultivated the land with faith and hope.

Unfortunately to survive in farming requires more than faith and hope. Material resources which, cost money are vital necessities too.

In the dry area many have come to the end of their material resources. Let us hope that these splendid farmers—these most courageous Canadian citizens—may be saved not only for Western Canada but for Saskatchewan itself, by being re-established somewhere among fellow farmers in known good rainfall areas of the Province.

CLASSIFIED

ESTRAY—On the premises of W. McMillan, S.W. 14-29-29-W 4th one Brood Sow (450 lbs.) Owner please call and remove, paying also for this advertisement. (332)

FOR SALE—Good Bargains:

Second-hand Tractors

1 Gasoline Tank, 437 gallons.

1 John Deere 8-ft. Rod Weeder,

Like new.

1 8-ft. Massey Harris Cultivator,

like new.

1 H.C. Gang Plow, 14 inches,

like new.

H. McDonald, M.H. Agent. (316)

DANCE

EAST COMMUNITY HALL

Friday July 23

Come out with the crowd and

enjoy a good time. LETS GO!

A BY-LAW TO REGULATE AND GOVERN THE CLOSING HOURS OF RETAIL SHOPS IN THE VILLAGE OF CROSSFIELD

The Council of the Village of Crossfield enacts as follows:

1. For the purposes of this By-Law (a) The expression "shop" shall mean and include any premises or place where any retail business or trades are carried on, other than premises or places where retail businesses are carried on solely for the purpose of the sale of fruit, confectionery, medicines, medical and surgical appliances, tobacco and newspapers, food and refreshments for consumption on the premises, bread, cake and pastry, milk and cream, automobile accessories and supplies, farm machinery and repairs.

(b) The expression "public holiday" shall mean and include New Year's Day, Good Friday, Victoria Day, Dominion Day, Labour Day, Remembrance Day, and any other day, except Easter Monday, which by Act of the Parliament of Canada or by the Alberta Legislature or by proclamation of the Governor General of Canada or the Lieutenant Governor of Alberta is made or declared to be a public holiday within the Province of Alberta.

2. Every shop shall be closed for the admission of customers not later than one o'clock in the afternoon of every Wednesday and no person engaged in any retail business or trade shall sell or solicit orders for the sale of any goods except those which are set out in section (4) hereof later than one o'clock in the afternoon of each Wednesday.

Provided however, that where a public holiday occurs on a day in the week other than Wednesday the closing hour on Wednesday shall be six-thirty o'clock p.m.

Provided further that where Christmas Day falls on a Sunday, Monday, or Tuesday, the closing hour on the Wednesday preceding Christmas Day so falling on a Sunday, Monday or Tuesday, shall be 6:30 o'clock p.m. and the closing hour on the Wednesday next succeeding the said Christmas Day so falling on a Sunday, Monday or Tuesday shall be 6:30 o'clock p.m.

3. All shops shall be closed for the admission of customers not later than six-thirty o'clock p.m. on Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday of each week and on Saturday of each week there shall be no compulsory closing hour.

Provided however that on any day next preceding a public holiday and the three business days next preceding Christmas Eve there shall be no compulsory hour.

Provided further that the Village Council shall have the power to proclaim each year a harvest season not exceeding two calendar months during which time the hour of closing of all shops on Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Fridays shall not be later than nine o'clock p.m.

4. This By-Law shall not operate to prevent the sale of fruit, confectionery, medicines, medical and surgical appliances, tobacco and newspapers, food and refreshments for consumption on the premises, bread, cake and pastry, milk and cream, or automobile accessories and supplies, farm machinery and repairs, after the closing hours as herein in this By-Law set forth for shops but such shops may be kept open for the sale of such goods only and every such shop shall expose in two prominent places in the front door and in the front window a card not less than two feet square, on which there shall be printed in English, in type of not less than one inch high, the following words only: "This shop is closed by law except for the sale of (here state the goods or any of them, mentioned in this Section)"

5. Any person violating any of the provisions of this said By-law shall be liable on summary conviction:

(a) For a first offence, to a fine not exceeding \$5.00 and costs, or in default of payment to imprisonment for a term not exceeding five days.

(b) For a second offence, to a fine not less than \$25.00 nor more than \$50.00, or in default of payment to imprisonment for a term not exceeding twenty days.

(c) For a third or subsequent offence, to a fine not less than \$50.00

nor more than \$200.00 or in default of payment to imprisonment with or without hard labour, for a term not exceeding sixty days.

Provided that no person shall be deemed guilty of an offence who serves after the closing hour any customer who was in the shop at such hour.

6. This By-Law shall come into effect ten days after the final passing thereof and shall thereafter remain in full force and effect.

Done and passed in council.

W. J. WOOD, Mayor

T. TREDAWAY, Sec.-Treas.

Church Notices

United Church Services

Sunday, July 18th.

Rodney—Public Worship—11:00 a.m.

Crossfield—Sunday School—11:15 a.m.

Crossfield—Public Worship—7:30 p.m.

A hearty welcome to all

Rev. S. Hunt, B.A.B.D., Minister

Church of the Ascension

(ANGLICAN)

July 18th, 11:00 a.m., Matins

July 25th, 8:30 a.m., Holy Communion

Rev. A. D. CURRIE, Rector.

Baptist Church

Regular Services

PRECIPITATION

Official Gauge

This Week Reading Last Yr.

Inches

.77

Total to date, from May 1st

1937 1936

5.81 3.91

Reading of gauge from Wednesday noon to Wednesday noon.



Whos at fault?

Are you ready for such an emergency?

Complete automobile insurance safeguards

your driving

INSURE NOW

T. TREDAWAY AGENT

BEER

COOLS You DOWN and PICKS YOU UP

GOOD BEER—the product of the ALBERTA BREWERIES, is not only a satisfying, thirst-quenching beverage, but a real pick-me-up that replaces the mineral elements of the body lost through excessive heat.

DRINK IT FOR HEALTH DRINK IT AS A COOLING BEVERAGE

On draught or bottled at all licensed hotels and clubs. By the case at Government Vendor stores. INSIST ON ALBERTA BEER

This Advertisement Is Not Inserted by the Alberta Liquor Control Board, or by the Government of the Province of Alberta.

Before the holiday trip

A GOOD CLEAN-UP



and:

A Thorough Check-over

Tractor Repairing Our Specialty

WE SELL "GOOD YEARS" THE DEPENDABLE TIRES

Crossfield Garage

W. A. TREFORD

J. W. BALLANTYNE

Successors to F. T. Baker

Tires - Batteries - British American Products

Rely on U.G.G. Twine

You can rely on U.G.G. Binder Twine just as you can rely on United Grain Growers to give you good service. From long experience farmers all over the west have learned that U.G.G. Twine is of highest quality. The price is the lowest practicable for good twine, and twine will be ready for delivery when needed.

Let your U.G.G. Agent know that you want U.G.G. Twine, so your supply can be ready for you.

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Elevators at: Crossfield, Cochrane, Beiseker